



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

W
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/057,619	01/24/2002	Ivan J. Baiges	10017070-1	2301

7590 12/11/2003

HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY
Intellectual Property Administration
P.O. Box 272400
Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400

EXAMINER

MOUTTET, BLAISE L

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2853

DATE MAILED: 12/11/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/057,619	BAIGES, IVAN J.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Blaise L Mouttet	2853

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 October 2003.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-19 and 21-43 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-19 and 21-43 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.
 - a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

Art Unit: 2853

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on August 27, 2003 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1-6, 8-14, 18, 19, 21-28, 30-33 and 35-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yashima et al. US 6,164,747.

Yashima et al. discloses, regarding claims 1 and 19, a printing system for depositing marking fluid on print media (column 16, lines 42-45) comprising:

a first marking engine/printhead assembly (31A) for depositing a first marking fluid only on a first portion of a first side of the print media as shown and described in relation to figure 10;

a second marking engine/printhead assembly (31B) for depositing a second marking fluid only on a second portion of a first side of the print media different from the first portion as shown and described in relation to figure 10,

wherein the first marking engine (31A) and the second marking engine (31B) are adapted to move back and forth across the print media along a first direction (direction of guide shafts 32) while depositing the respective first and second marking fluid on the respective first and second portions of the media along the first direction (column 16, lines 42-56).

Regarding claims 2 and 19, the printing system further includes

a first mechanism (32-34) coupled to the first marking engine (31A) for moving the first marking engine (31A) back and forth across the print media so that the first marking engine (31A) can deposit the first marking fluid (ink) only on the first portion of the print media as shown and described in relation to figure 10; and

a second mechanism (32-34) coupled to the second marking engine (31B) for moving the second marking engine (31B) back and forth across the print media so that the second marking engine (31B) can deposit the second marking fluid (ink) only on the second portion of the print media as shown and described in relation to figure 10.

Regarding claim 3, the mechanisms are spaced apart as indicated in figure 10.

Regarding claim 4, the mechanisms employ identical structure as shown and described in relation to figure 10.

Regarding claim 5, the mechanisms each include:

a linear guide rod (32) for guiding the respective marking engines (31A, 31B);

a drive motor (33); and

a drive element (34) coupled between drive motor (33) and the marking engines (31A, 31B) linearly moving the respective engines along the guide rods (32) back and forth across the media as shown and described in relation to figure 10.

Regarding claims 6 and 33, the print media is shorter in the print scan direction than in the media feed direction.

Regarding the functional language of claims 8 and 21-24, the mechanisms are taught to operate in unison (column 17, lines 10-23).

Regarding the functional language of claims 9 and 25-28, the mechanisms are taught to operate independently (column 17, lines 24-27).

Regarding claim 10, identical marking fluids are taught to be contained in the respective marking engines in the case of monochrome printing (column 16, lines 9-13).

Regarding claim 11, different marking fluids are taught to be contained in the respective marking engines in the case of color printing (column 17, lines 30-34).

Regarding claim 12, identical marking engines (31A, 31B) are disclosed as shown and described in relation to figure 1.

Regarding claim 13, single color (black) printheads are taught for each marking engine (column 16, lines 9-14).

Art Unit: 2853

Regarding claim 14, multicolor printheads are taught for each printing engine (column 17, lines 30-34).

Regarding claim 18, thermal ink ejection is utilized (column 10, lines 15-26).

Regarding the arrangements of the first and second mechanisms as specified in claims 35-40, the mechanisms are adapted to function as claimed as shown and described in relation to figure 10.

Yashima et al. discloses, regarding claim 30, a method for performing a printing operation for depositing ink on print media, the method comprising:

providing a first movable printhead assembly (31A) for depositing ink (column 16, lines 42-47);

providing a second movable printhead assembly (31B) for depositing ink (column 16, lines 42-47); and

moving the first and second printhead assemblies back and forth across the print media along the first direction while the first printhead assembly deposits ink only on a first portion of a first side of the print media and the second printhead assembly deposits ink only on a second portion of the first side of the print media different from the first portion along the first direction (figure 10, column 20, lines 43-52).

Regarding claim 31, Yashima et al. teaches the inclusion of a step of moving the printheads in unison (column 20, lines 43-52).

Regarding claim 32, Yashima et al. teaches the inclusion of a step of moving the printheads independently (column 20, lines 33-43).

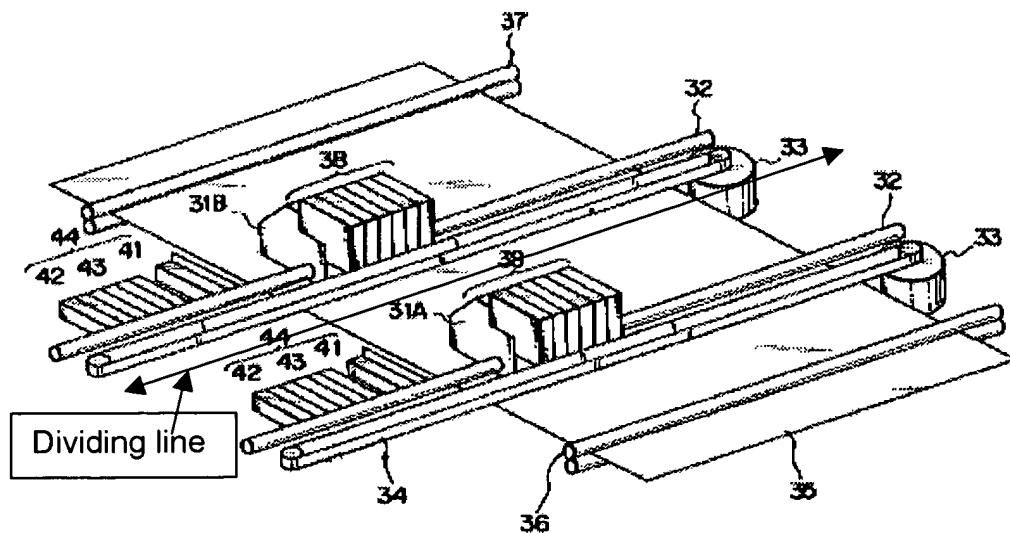
Art Unit: 2853

Regarding claim 41, the printhead assemblies are moved back and forth across the print media in a first direction and the printhead assemblies are spaced apart in a direction perpendicular to the first direction as indicated in figure 10 and column 20, lines 43-52.

Regarding claim 42, moving of the printhead assemblies is performed such that during the steps described in column 20, lines 43-52 printhead assembly 31A deposits ink only on one side of a dividing line and printhead assembly 31B deposits ink only on the other side of a dividing line.

Regarding claim 43, moving of the printhead assemblies is performed and the assemblies are spaced apart as shown and described in relation to figure 10.

FIG. 10



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 7 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima et al. US 6,164,747 in view of Logan US 4,910,871.

Yashima et al. discloses the claimed invention as recited in claims 2 and 30 as noted in the 35 USC 102 rejection above.

Yashima et al. fails to disclose that the size of the media is longer along the print scan axis than the media feed axis.

Logan suggests printing on media such as mail envelopes wherein the size of the media is longer along the print scan axis than the media feed axis (figure 2).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include a print media arranged in a manner as suggested by Logan in the printing system of Yashima et al.

The motivation for doing so would have been to achieve printing on different paper sizes and on envelopes.

4. Claims 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima et al. US 6,164,747 in view of Asakawa US 4,940,998.

Art Unit: 2853

Yashima et al. discloses the claimed invention as recited in claim 12 as noted in the 35 USC 102 rejection above.

Yashima et al. discloses, regarding claims 16 and 17, different single colors in each of the marking engines of multiple colors (column 17, lines 24-34).

Yashima et al. fails to disclose, regarding claim 15, individual printheads for the different single colors in each of the marking engines of multiple colors.

Asakawa discloses individual printheads for different single colors.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide individual printheads for the different colors of Yashima et al. as taught by Asakawa.

The motivation for doing so would have been to provide for individual replacement of printheads as suggested by column 2, lines 51-59 of Asakawa.

5. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yashima et al. US 6,164,747 in view of Chapin et al. US 5,838,343.

Yashima et al. discloses the claimed invention as recited in claim 19 as noted in the 35 USC 102 rejection above.

Yashima et al. fails to disclose a third carriage mechanism for moving a third printhead assembly in the first direction.

Chapin et al. discloses a multiplicity of carriage mechanism (>2) for transporting printheads over a print medium.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to provide additional carriage mechanisms parallel to the first and second carriage mechanisms of Yashima et al. as taught by Chapin et al.

The motivation for doing so would have been to provide redundancy in case of a faulty carriage printhead as suggested by Chapin et al.

Response to Arguments

6. The examiner has considered applicant's arguments submitted September 15, 2003 but they are not persuasive as to the allowability of the present claims.

The applicant contends that the Yashima et al. patent teaches the use of recording heads that are not exclusive to individual portions of the recording medium and therefore does not anticipate applicant's claims.

The examiner disagrees.

The examiner first notes that as drawn to apparatus claims it is structure rather than function that must differentiate the claims from the prior art (see MPEP 2114, *In re Schreiber*, 44 USPQ2d 1429 (Fed. Cir. 1997)). Nevertheless it is clear from the description and drawings of Yashima et al. that simultaneous printing on spaced apart portions of the recording medium is performed by different printheads scanned by separate carriages (figure 10, column 20, lines 48-52). While at a later time after print medium advancement it is possible that overlap printing MAY be performed this is not seen as a disclosed or necessary feature of the Yashima et al. disclosure and

Art Unit: 2853

applicant's claims are not seen as being differentiable from the applied prior art on this point.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Blaise Mouttet whose telephone number is (703) 305-3007. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier, Art Unit 2853, can be reached at (703) 308-4896. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Blaise Mouttet December 1, 2003

Bm 12/1/2003

*Jeanette Mouttet
Primary Examiner
12/8/03*